The embodiments of the invention in which an exclusive property or privilege is claimed are defined as follows:

- 1. A method for esterifying wood, comprising:
- (a) removing moisture from wood with a solvent or electromagnetic radiation to produce dried wood having less than about 8% water by weight;
  - (b) impregnating said dried wood with alkanoic anhydride; and
- (c) heating impregnated wood with electromagnetic radiation to produce esterified wood having a degree of esterification from about 10% to about 25%.
- 2. The method of Claim 1, wherein the solvent is a carboxylic acid, a ketone, or an ether.
- 3. The method of Claim 1, wherein the solvent is acetic acid and the alkanoic anhydride is acetic anhydride.
- 4. The method of Claim 1, further comprising heating said esterified wood under vacuum to remove said alkanoic anhydride, alkanoic acid, and solvent.
- 5. The method of Claim 4, further comprising separating said alkanoic anhydride from alkanoic acid and solvent.
- 6. The method of Claim 5, further comprising converting alkanoic acid into alkanoic anhydride.
- 7. The method of Claim 5, further comprising recycling said separated alkanoic anhydride to be used for impregnating wood in step (b).
- 8. The method of Claim 1, further comprising separating and recycling said solvent to be used for removing moisture in step (a).
- 9. The method of Claim 1, wherein step (a) comprises removing an azeotropic mixture of solvent and water.
- 10. The method of Claim 1, wherein the steps (a), (b), and (c) are performed with the wood remaining within the same vessel.

- 11. The method of Claim 1, wherein the electromagnetic radiation used in steps (a) and (c) is radiofrequency radiation having a frequency of about 6 MHz to about 915 MHz.
- 12. The method of Claim 1, further comprising heating said esterified wood under vacuum with radiofrequency radiation to remove alkanoic anhydride and alkanoic acid.
- 13. The method of Claim 1, wherein the electromagnetic radiation used in steps (a) and (c) is microwave radiation having a frequency of about 916 MHz to about 2450 MHz.
- 14. The method of Claim 1, wherein moisture is removed from wood with a solvent.
- 15. The method of Claim 1, wherein moisture is removed from wood with electromagnetic radiation.
- 16. The method of Claim 1, further comprising adding alkanoic acid during impregnation of the wood.
- 17. The method of Claim 1, wherein the dried wood comprises less than about 6% water by weight.
- 18. The method of Claim 1, wherein the wood is loblolly, slash, longleaf, shortleaf, or radiata pine.
  - 19. A method for esterifying wood, comprising:
- (a) impregnating loblolly, slash, longleaf, shortleaf or radiata pine wood having less than about 8% water by weight with alkanoic anhydride, wherein the impregnation time is about 15 to about 30 minutes;
- (b) heating impregnated wood to produce esterified wood having a degree of esterification of about 15% to about 22%; and

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- (c) removing alkanoic anhydride and alkanoic acid from said esterified wood, wherein the removal time is less than about 120 minutes to achieve esterified wood having less than about 1% combined alkanoic anhydride and alkanoic acid.
  - 20. A dimensionally stabilized lumber product, comprising: esterified wood made from a loblolly, slash, longleaf, shortleaf, or radiata pine,

wherein said wood is esterified by the process comprising:

- (a) impregnating loblolly, slash, longleaf, shortleaf or radiata pine wood having less than about 8% water by weight with alkanoic anhydride, wherein the impregnation time is about 15 to about 30 minutes;
- (b) heating impregnated wood to produce esterified wood having a degree of esterification of about 15% to about 22%; and
- (c) removing alkanoic anhydride and alkanoic acid from said esterified wood, wherein the removal time is less than about 120 minutes to achieve esterified wood having less than about 1% combined alkanoic anhydride and alkanoic acid.